

Environmental Consultation & Permitting

August 1, 2016

Mr. John Rayl & Mr. Robert Shircliff 9108 Snowy Egret Court Spotsylvania, Virginia 22553

Subject:

Project R16007, Survey for Isotria medeoloides (Small Whorled

Pogonia), Bear Tract Property, River Road, Spotsylvania County,

Virginia.

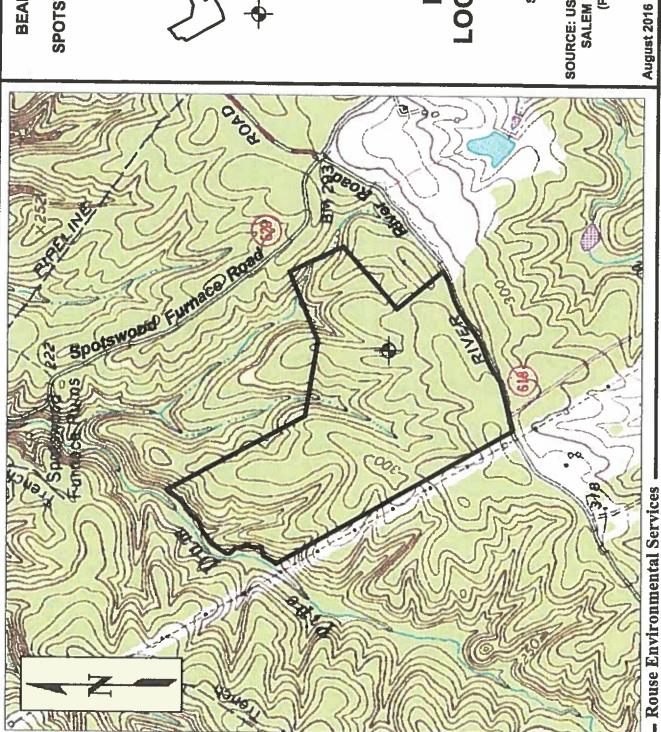
### Gentlemen:

Provided here are our findings in connection with a survey for potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides* at the above referenced site. This report represents the completion of our services rendered per our proposal made by email transmittal on June 7, 2016.

### 1. BACKGROUND

Development is being planned for portions of an approximately 198 acre tract of land located west of the intersection of River and Spotswood Furnace Roads, Spotsylvania County, Virginia. The actual study area represents a subset of this tract, refined downward to encompass only the areas of proposed development, the limits of which were provided to us by Fairbanks & Franklin in electronic format (225-1003 Bear Tract Layout 060616.dwg) on June 6, 2016. The area of study, in relation to surrounding topographic features, is shown on our Vicinity Map included as Figure 1 and is estimated to be approximately 135 acres in extent.

We understand that a survey for potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides* (Small Whorled Pogonia) is needed in connection with future permit requirements at the site. *I. medeoloides* is a rare orchid which generally occurs within relatively mature, hardwood dominated forests on nearly level to moderate slopes and has been documented in Spotsylvania County and adjacent Stafford County. Due to its rarity and loss of potential habitat from development, *I. medeoloides* has been formally listed as *Threatened* by the US Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS). The plant has also received formal recognition as *Endangered* by the Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services under the Commonwealth of Virginia's Endangered Plant & Insect Act. The objective of our study was to evaluate the potential for



SPOTSYLVANIA CO., VIRGINIA BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, RIVER ROAD,

## LEGEND

AREA SURVEYED FOR Isotria medeoloides (June 13, 2016)



APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF isotria medeoloides (seven individuals)

## FIGURE 1

## **LOCATION MAP PROJECT**

SCALE: 1" × 1000'

SOURCE: USGS 7.5' TOPOGRAPHIC MAP -SALEM CHURCH QUADRANGLE (Photorevised 1984)

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the occurrence of populations of I. medeoloides within the proposed limits of development at the subject tract.

### 2. DATA REVIEW AND FIELD STUDY

A desktop review was conducted to preliminarily identify areas of potential habitat for *Isotria medeoloides*. Our review included the following sources of information:

- Digital Raster Graphic (DRG) USGS topographic quadrangles covering the areas of study,
- Aerial infrared imagery available on US Geological Survey Digital Orthographic Quarter Quadrangles (DOQQs),
- USDA National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) digital orthophotographs (visible spectrum) flown in 2011.
- Topographic and other existing site features provided on a base map prepared by Fairbanks & Franklin in electronic format (225-1003 Bear Tract Layout 060616.dwg), titled Parcel 11-A-9 Exhibit, Spotsylvania County, Virginia and dated June 6, 2016.

Information from the above listed sources was incorporated onto field maps and used to prioritize follow-up field surveys for the target species. Surveys were conducted with a single team of three field personnel on June 13, 2016, a time of year when *Isotria medeoloides* has been deemed by the USFWS as searchable in areas north of Caroline County, Virginia. The field work was led by myself, Garrie Rouse, a botanist recognized by the USFWS as qualified to conduct surveys for the plant. We documented plant species as they were encountered during the course of our field efforts. A listing of these taxa is provided as an attachment to this report.

### 3. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The majority of the site consisted of relatively mature, mixed hardwoods and some pine, growing on broad, convex ridges and moderately sloping unnamed drainages to Pipe Dam Run, a tributary of the Rappahannock River. An overhead power line and gas pipeline easement ran the length of the southwestern boundary of the study area from River Road to Pipe Dam Run.

Open conditions within and adjacent to the power line and gas pipeline easement would present little to no habitat for potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides*. Relatively xeric ridge lines and moderate to steep slopes at the site would support only marginally suitable habitat for the plant. Colluvial terraces and gentle slopes present within the more mature woodland areas along the primary drainages of the site, however, did provide some moderate to good potential habitat for supporting potential populations of *I. medeoloides*. Systematic searches of these areas were conducted by us during our site visit.

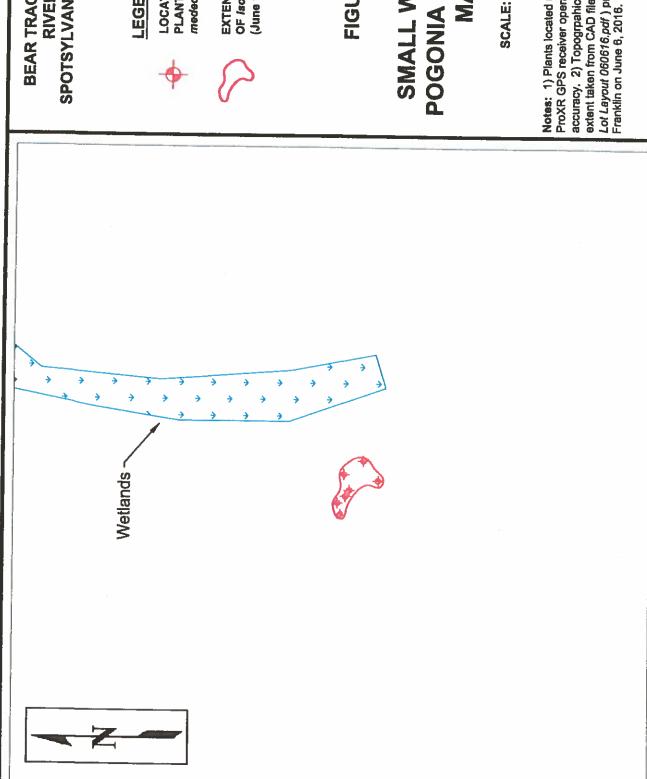
A single population of *Isotria medeoloides* was found during the course of our field surveys on June 16, 2016. A total of seven, non-flowering individuals were located after much

searching, growing within medium-aged mixed hardwoods on gentle, northeast-facing slopes near the upper reaches of one of the unnamed drainages to Pipe Dam Run. Dominant plant species found here included Red Oak, Tulip Poplar and White Oak in the canopy, American Beech, Red Maple and American Holly in the subcanopy/shrub layer, and New York Fern and Partridgeberry at ground level. The approximate location of this population is provided on our *Project Location Map included* as Figure 1. A photograph of a representative individual from this population is included as Figure 2.



Figure 2. Photograph of *Isotria medeoloides*, Bear Tract Property, Spotsylvania County, Virginia (taken June 13, 2016).

A Trimble Pathfinder ProXR GPS receiver was used to locate the seven individual plants more specifically. The receiver was operated to achieve submeter accuracy at each location using Trimble recommended procedures. Locational data was then downloaded and exported into CAD file format and sent to Fairbanks & Franklin for incorporation on their base maps for the proposed project. The precise location of the individual plants, in relation to local topographic details and nearby delineated wetlands, is provided on our Small Whorled Pogonia Location Map included as Figure 3. The extent of the total population is estimated to be less than 300 square feet.



## SPOTSYLVANIA CO., VIRGINIA BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, RIVER ROAD,

### LEGEND

medeololdes (June 13, 2016) LOCATION OF INDIVIDUAL PLANTS OF Isotria

EXTENT OF POPULATION OF Isotria medeoloides (June 13, 2016)

## FIGURE 3

# SMALL WHORLED POGONIA LOCATION MAP

SCALE: 1" ≈ 50'

Notes: 1) Plants located using GPS Pathfinder ProXR GPS receiver operated to achieve submeter extent taken from CAD file ( 225-1003 Bear Tract Lot Layout 060616.pdf ) prepared by Fairbanks & Franklin on June 6, 2016. accuracy. 2) Topogrpahic details and wetland

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No other individuals of *Isotria medeoloides* were observed during the course of our field visit, despite our concentrated search efforts following the location of the initial seven plants. Three other orchid species, *Goodyera pubescens* (Downy Rattlesnake Plantain), *Isotria verticillata* (Large Whorled Pogonia) and *Platanthera clavellata* (Small Green Wood Orchid), were noted at the site during our visits. *G. pubescens* and *P. clavellata* are easily distinguished from *I. medeoloides* by their very different vegetative and reproductive morphologies. As a close relative, *I. verticillata* may look very similar to *I. medeoloides* in its vegetative state, but can be differentiated from the latter by its larger stature, stems suffused with purple near their base, and a longer peduncle subtending the flower/fruit. None of the four identified orchid species are listed as *Threatened* or *Endangered* at either the federal or state level.

Individuals of the lily, *Medeola virginiana* (Indian Cucumber Root), were also observed at the site. Vegetative portions of this plant are superficially similar to *Isotria medeoloides*, but can be differentiated by the thinner, firmer stem, cobwebby pubescence and presence of a node near the base of the stem (absent in *I. medeoloides*). *M. virginiana* is not listed as *Threatened* or *Endangered* at either the federal or state level.

### 4. LIMITATIONS

Our study was limited to the survey of *Isotria medeoloides* and did not include searches for potential populations of other rare, Threatened or Endangered species which may occur within the study area. In addition, our study did not include the identification or delineation of wetlands, processing of permits, meetings with local, state or federal officials, land surveying services and environmental concerns or services that were not specifically described herein. Ecological conditions and species distributions represent dynamic processes. The findings of this survey, therefore, are valid only for the time at which this study was performed.

We appreciate the opportunity to have been of service to you on this project. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you have any questions regarding the contents of this report.

Sincerely,

Garrie D. Rouse Consulting Botanist

Attachment: Checklist of Plant Species Encountered during Isotria medeoloides Surveys

(June 13, 2016)

### Attachment

PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA (June 13, 2016)

### PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(June 13, 2016)

### Scientific Name:

Acer rubrum L.

Achillea millefolium L.

Amphicarpaea bracteata (L.) Fern.

Apocynum cannabinum L.

Asimina triloba (L.) Dunal

Athyrium filix-femina (L.) Roth

Betula nigra L.

Boehmeria cylindrica (L.) Sw.

Carex crinita Lam.

Carex debilis Michx. var. pubera Gray

Carex debilis Michx.

Carex intumescens Rudge

Carex leptalea Wahlenb.

Carex lurida Wahlenb.

Carex rosea Schkuhr ex Willd.

Carex swanii (Fern.) Mackenzie

Carya alba (L.) Nutt. ex Ell.

Carya glabra (P. Mill.) Sweet

Castanea pumila (L.) P. Mill.

Chimaphila maculata (L.) Pursh

Cicuta maculata L.

Cimicifuga racemosa (L.) Nutt.

Circaea lutetiana L.

Cornus florida L.

Crepis capillaris (L.) Wallr.

Dactylis glomerata L.

Danthonia spicata (L.) Beauv.

Dennstaedtia punctilobula (Michx.) T. Moore

Desmodium nudiflorum (L.) DC.

Desmodium rotundifolium DC.

Dianthus armeria L.

Dichanthelium boscii (Poir.) Gould & Clark

Dichanthelium clandestinum (L.) Gould

Dichanthelium scoparium (Lam.) Gould

Dioscorea quaternata J.F. Gmel.

Diospyros virginiana L.

Eleocharis obtusa (Willd.) J.A. Schultes

Elephantopus carolinianus Raeusch.

Epifagus virginiana (L.) W. Bart.

Erigeron strigosus Muhl. ex Willd.

Euonymus americana L.

Eupatorium capillifolium (Lam.) Small

Eupatorium perfoliatum L.

### Common Name:

red maple

common yarrow

American hogpeanut

Indianhemp

pawpaw

common ladyfern

river birch

smallspike false nettle

fringed sedge

white edge sedge

white edge sedge

greater bladder sedge

bristlystalked sedge

shallow sedge

rosy sedge

Swan's sedge

mockemut hickory

pignut hickory

chinkapin

striped prince's pine

spotted water hemlock

black bugbane

broadleaf enchanter's nightshade

flowering dogwood

smooth hawksbeard

orchardarass

poverty oatgrass

eastern hayscented fern

nakedflower ticktrefoil

prostrate ticktrefoil

Deptford pink

Bosc's panicgrass

deertongue

velvet panicum

fourleaf yam

common persimmon

blunt spikerush

Carolina elephantsfoot

beechdrops

prairie fleabane

strawberry bush

dogfennel

common boneset

## PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(Continued)

### **Scientific Name:**

Eurybia divaricata (L.) Nesom

Fagus grandifolia Ehrh. Galium triflorum Michx.

Gaylussacia baccata (Wangenh.) K. Koch

Glyceria striata (Lam.) A.S. Hitchc.

Goodyera pubescens (Willd.) R. Br. ex Ait. f.

Gratiola virginiana L.
Houstonia purpurea L.
Hypochaeris radicata L.
Hypoxis hirsuta (L.) Coville

llex opaca Ait.

llex verticillata (L.) Gray Impatiens capensis Meerb.

\* Isotria medeoloides (Pursh) Raf.

Isotria verticillata Raf.
Juncus effusus L.
Juniperus virginiana L.
Kalmia latifolia L.
Leersia virginica Willd.

Leucanthemum vulgare Lam.

Leucothoe racemosa (L.) Gray Liquidambar styraciflua L.

Liriodendron tulipifera L.

Lolium pratense (Huds.) S.J. Darbyshire

Lonicera japonica Thunb. Ludwigia palustris (L.) Ell.

Lycopodium dendroideum Michx. Lycopodium digitatum Dill. ex A. Braun

Lycopus sp.

Lyonia ligustrina (L.) DC.

Maianthemum racemosum (L.) Link

Medeola virginiana L. Melica mutica Walt.

Microstegium vimineum (Trin.) A. Camus

Mitchella repens L.
Monotropa uniflora L.
Nyssa sylvatica Marsh.
Onoclea sensibilis L.
Osmunda cinnamomea L.

Osmunda regalis L.

Packera anonyma (Wood) Weber & Löve Parthenocissus quinquefolia (L.) Planch.

Pinus virginiana P. Mill.

### **Common Name:**

white wood aster American beech fragrant bedstraw black huckleberry fowl mannagrass

downy rattlesnake plantain roundfruit hedgehyssop

Venus' pride hairy catsear common goldstar American holly common winterberry

**Jewelweed** 

small whorled pogonia purple fiveleaf orchid

common rush
eastern redcedar
mountain laurel
whitegrass
oxeye daisy
swamp doghobble

sweetgum tuliptree

meadow ryegrass Japanese honeysuckle

marsh seedbox tree groundpine fan clubmoss a waterhorehound

maleberry

feathery false lily of the vally

Indian cucumber twoflower melicgrass Nepalese browntop partridgeberry Indianpipe blackgum sensitive ferm

cinnamon fern royal fern Small's ragwort

Small's ragwort Virginia creeper Virginia pine

### PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, BEAR TRACT PROPERTY, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(Continued)

### Scientific Name:

Plantago aristata Michx. Plantago lanceolata L.

Platanthera clavellata (Michx.) Luer

Polygonatum biflorum (Walt.) Ell.

Polygonum persicaria L. Polygonum sagittatum L.

Polystichum acrostichoides (Michx.) Schott Pseudognaphalium obtusifolium (L.) Hilliard

Pycnanthemum tenuifolium Schrad.

Quercus alba L.

Quercus coccinea Muenchh.

Quercus falcata L. Quercus phellos L.

Quercus rubra L.

Quercus velutina Lam.

Ranunculus recurvatus Poir.

Rubus hispidus L. Sagittaria latifolia Willd.

Sambucus nigra L. ssp. canadensis

Sanicula sp.

Scirpus georgianus Harper

Scutellaria elliptica Muhl. ex Spreng.

Scutellaria integrifolia L. Smilax glauca Walt. Smilax rotundifolia L. Solidago rugosa P. Mill.

Sparganium sp.

Symplocarpus foetidus (L.) Salisb. ex Nutt.

Thalictrum sp.

Thelypteris noveboracensis (L.) Nieuwl.

Vaccinium corymbosum L. Vaccinium pallidum Ait. Vaccinium stamineum L.

Viburnum acerifolium L.

Viburnum nudum L.

Viola ×primulifolia L. (pro sp.)

Viola sp.

### Common Name:

largebracted plantain narrowleaf plantain small green wood orchid smooth Solomon's seal spotted ladysthumb arrowleaf tearthumb

Christmas fern rabbittobacco

narrowleaf mountainmint

white oak scarlet oak southern red oak willow oak

northern red oak

black oak blisterwort bristly dewberry broadleaf arrowhead common elderberry

a sanicle

Georgia bulrush hairy skullcap helmet flower cat greenbrier roundleaf greenbrier wrinkleleaf goldenrod

a bur-reed skunk cabbage a meadow-rue New York fern highbush blueberry Blue Ridge blueberry

deerberry

mapleleaf viburnum

possumhaw

primrose-leaf violet

a violet



Environmental Consultation & Permitting

June 27, 2011

EnviroData, Inc. PO Box 1508 Gloucester, Virginia 23061

Attn: Mr. William B. Ellen

Subject:

Project R11008, Survey for Isotria medeoloides (Small Whorled

Pogonia), Glenhaven North Subdivision, Spotsylvania County,

Virginia.

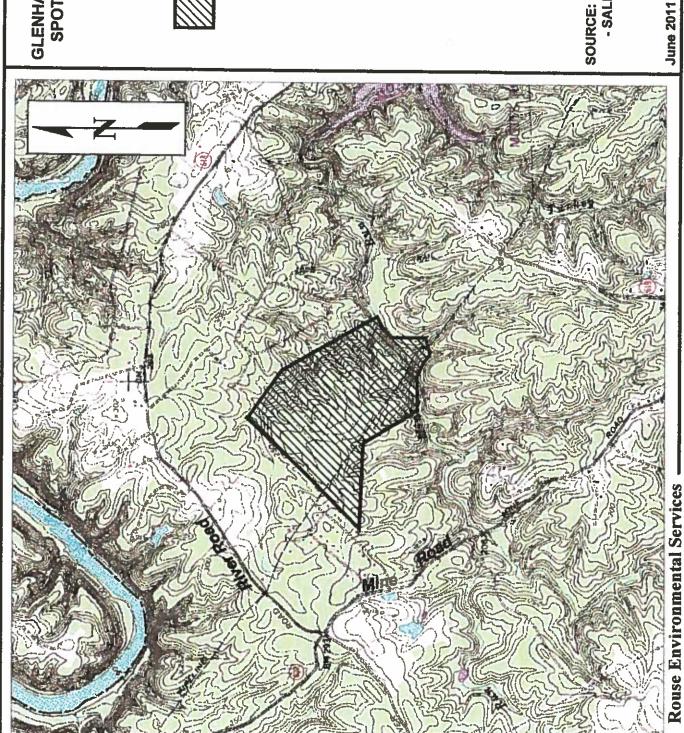
### Gentlemen:

Provided here are our findings in connection with a survey for potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides* at the above referenced site. This letter report represents the completion of our services rendered per our proposal made by email transmittal on June 9, 2011.

### 1. BACKGROUND

Development is being planned for an approximately 184 acre tract of land located between River Road to the north and Mine Run to the south, Spotsylvania County, Virginia. The project limits were outlined to us in a PDF file (F&F SWP Ideal Habitat Overlay 060211.pdf) sent to us as an email attachment on June 6, 2011. The area of study, in relation to surrounding topographic features, is shown on our Vicinity Map included as Figure 1.

We understand that a survey for potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides* (Small Whorled Pogonia) is needed in connection with future permit requirements at the site. *I. medeoloides* is a rare orchid which generally occurs within relatively mature, hardwood dominated forests on nearly level to moderate slopes and has been documented in



GLENHAVEN NORTH SUBDIVISION, SPOTSYLVANIA CO., VIRGINIA

LEGEND

PROPERTY LIMITS

FIGURE 1

VICINITY MAP

SCALE: 1" ≈ 2000'

SOURCE: USGS 7.5' TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS
- SALEM CHURCH QUADRANGLE
(Photoinspected 1988)

R11008

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Spotsylvania County and adjacent Stafford County. Due to its rarity and loss of potential habitat from development, *I. medeoloides* has been formally listed as *Threatened* by the US Fish & Wildlife Service (USFWS). The plant has also received formal recognition as *Endangered* by the Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services under the Commonwealth of Virginia's Endangered Plant & Insect Act. The objective of our study was to evaluate the potential for the occurrence of populations of *I. medeoloides* within the subject tract.

### 2. DATA REVIEW AND FIELD STUDY

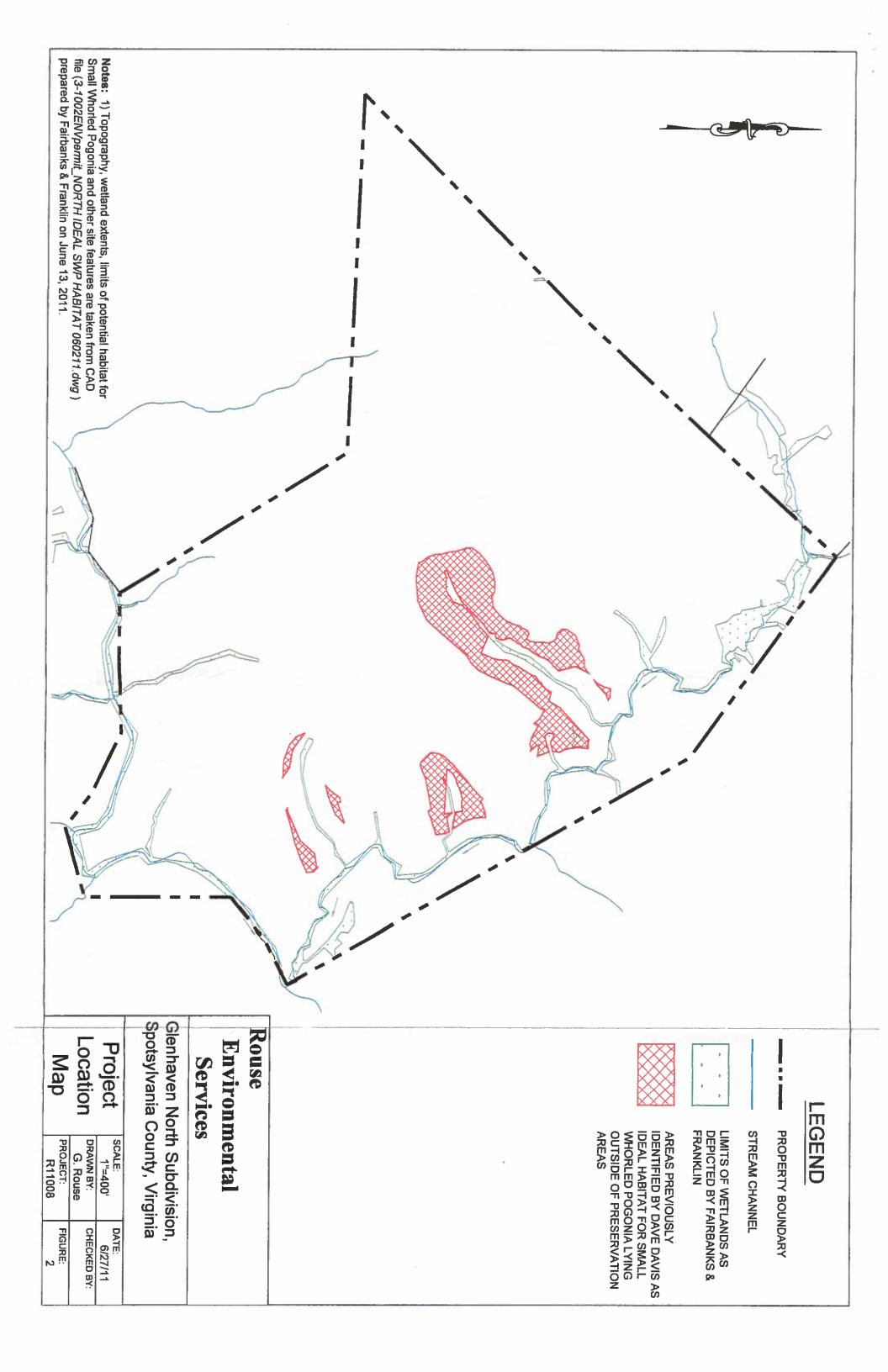
Habitat suitability surveys for *Isotria medeoloides* had previously been conducted on a larger area encompassing the subject tract by Mr. David L. Davis during June 2004. Areas of "ideal habitat" for the plant were identified in connection within these surveys, the extents of which were provided to us in a CAD file (3-1002ENVpermit\_NORTH IDEAL SWP HABITAT 060211.dwg) sent to us by Fairbanks & Franklin via email attachment on June 13, 2011.

Per the direction of Mr. William Ellen, our field surveys were confined to the previously identified areas of "ideal habitat" lying outside of designated protection areas (namely Resource Protection Areas and Conservation Easements) and including any other potential habitat identified by us at the time of our site visits, lying immediately adjacent to these same mapped areas. The areas targeted for field survey, in relation to the overall project site, are shown on our *Project Location Map* included as Figure 2.

Surveys were conducted with a single team of two field personnel on June 21, 2011, a time of year when *Isotria medeoloides* has been deemed by the USFWS as searchable in areas north of Caroline County, Virginia. Designated areas of "ideal habitat" were taken from the CAD file supplied by Fairbanks & Franklin and uploaded to a Trimble Juno handheld GPS receiver. The GPS receiver was used to properly locate and canvass the identified target areas. We documented plant species as they were encountered during the course of our surveys. A listing of these taxa is provided as an attachment to this letter report.

### 3. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The majority of the site consisted of relatively mature, mixed hardwoods and some pine, growing on broad, convex ridges and moderately sloping unnamed drainages to Mine Run. We observed the previously identified areas of "ideal habitat" as generally being conducive for supporting potential populations of *Isotria medeoloides*, although some of the targeted sites appeared to us to be borderline (dryer end) in terms of the hydrologic



Project R11008 Page 3 June 27, 2011

regime that *I. medeoloides* typically prefers. Some limited additional areas of potential habitat, immediately adjacent to the previously identified "ideal habitat", were observed on colluvial bottoms generally just downgradient of these targeted sites. Despite our systematic search efforts of the previously identified "ideal habitat" and some additionally identified potential habitat, however, no individuals of *I. medeoloides* were observed during the course of our field visits.

Four other orchid species, Cypripedium acaule (Pink Lady's Slipper), Goodyera pubescens (Downy Rattlesnake Plantain), Isotria verticillata (Large Whorled Pogonia) and Platanthera clavellata (Small Green Wood Orchid), were noted at the site during our visits. C. acaule, G. pubescens and P. clavellata are easily distinguished from I. medeoloides by their very different vegetative and reproductive morphologies. As a close relative, I. verticillata may look very similar to I. medeoloides in its vegetative state, but can be differentiated from the latter by its larger stature, stems suffused with purple near their base, and a longer peduncle subtending the flower/fruit. None of the four identified orchid species are listed as Threatened or Endangered at either the federal or state level.

Individuals of the lily, *Medeola virginiana* (Indian Cucumber Root), were also observed at the site. Vegetative portions of this plant are superficially similar to *Isotria medeoloides*, but can be differentiated by the thinner, firmer stem, cobwebby pubescence and presence of a node near the base of the stem (absent in *I. medeoloides*).

Given that all previously identified "ideal habitat" at the site, as well as additional potential habitat immediately adjacent to these targeted areas, were canvassed during a time of year when the plant is considered to be searchable, and that we were unsuccessful in locating individuals of the target species, we consider there to be a low potential for the occurrence of *Isotria medeoloides* on the subject property.

### 4. LIMITATIONS

Our study was limited to the survey of *Isotria medeoloides* and did not include searches for potential populations of other rare, Threatened or Endangered species which may occur within the study area. In addition, our study did not include the identification or delineation of wetlands, processing of permits, meetings with local, state or federal officials, land surveying services and environmental concerns or services that were not specifically described herein. Ecological conditions and species distributions represent dynamic processes. The findings of this survey, therefore, are valid only for the time at which this study was performed.

Project R11008 Page 4 June 27, 2011

We appreciate the opportunity to have been of service to you on this project. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you have any questions regarding this report.

Sincerely,

Garrie D. Rouse Consulting Scientist

Attachment: Checklist of Plant Species Encountered During Isotria medeoloides

Surveys (June 21, 2011)

### **ATTACHMENT 1**

PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS (June 21, 2011)

### PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, GLENHAVEN NORTH SUBDIVISION, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(June 21, 2011)

### Scientific Name:

Acer rubrum L. Amphicarpaea bracteata (L.) Fern. Apocynum cannabinum L. Arisaema triphyllum (L.) Schott Asimina triloba (L.) Dunal Brachyelytrum erectum (Schreb.) Beauv. Carex debilis Michx. Carex intumescens Rudge Carex rosea Schkuhr ex Willd. Carex swanii (Fern.) Mackenzie Carpinus caroliniana Walt. Carya glabra (P. Mill.) Sweet Chimaphila maculata (L.) Pursh Cimicifuga racemosa (L.) Nutt. Cornus florida L. Cypripedium acaule Ait. Danthonia spicata (L.) Beauv. Dennstaedtia punctilobula (Michx.) Moore Desmodium nudiflorum (L.) DC. Dichanthelium boscii (Poir.) Gould & Clark Dichanthelium clandestinum (L.) Gould Dichanthelium scoparium (Lam.) Gould Erechtites hieraciifolia (L.) Raf. ex DC. Euonymus americana L. Eurybia divaricata (L.) Nesom Fagus grandifolia Ehrh. Galium circaezans Michx. Goodyera pubescens (Willd.) R. Br. Hamamelis virginiana L. Hypericum hypericoides (L.) Crantz llex opaca Ait. Isotria verticillata Raf. Juncus tenuis Willd. Juniperus virginiana L. Kalmia latifolia L. Liquidambar styraciflua L. Liriodendron tulipifera L. Lonicera japonica Thunb. Lycopodium digitatum Dill. ex A. Braun

Medeola virginiana L.

### **Common Name:**

red maple American hogpeanut Indianhemp Jack in the pulpit pawpaw bearded shorthusk white edge sedge greater bladder sedge rosy sedge Swan's sedge American hornbeam pignut hickory striped prince's pine black bugbane flowering dogwood moccasin flower poverty oatgrass eastern hayscented fern nakedflower ticktrefoil Bosc's panicgrass deertongue velvet panicum American burnweed strawberry bush white wood aster American beech licorice bedstraw downy rattlesnake plantain American witchhazel St. Andrew's cross American holly purple fiveleaf orchid poverty rush eastern redcedar mountain laurel sweetgum tuliptree Japanese honeysuckle fan clubmoss Indian cucumber

### PARTIAL CHECKLIST OF PLANT SPECIES ENCOUNTERED DURING ISOTRIA MEDEOLOIDES SURVEYS, GLENHAVEN NORTH SUBDIVISION, SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(Continued)

### Scientific Name:

Mitchella repens L. Murdannia keisak (Hassk.) Hand.-Maz. Nyssa sylvatica Marsh. Osmunda cinnamomea L. Osmunda regalis L. Pinus virginiana P. Mill. Platanthera clavellata (Michx.) Luer Polystichum acrostichoides (Michx.) Schott Populus grandidentata Michx. Quercus alba L. Quercus falcata Michx. Quercus phellos L. Quercus rubra L. Smilax glauca Walt. Thelypteris noveboracensis (L.) Nieuwl. Toxicodendron radicans (L.) Kuntze Vaccinium pallidum Ait. Vaccinium stamineum L. Viburnum acerifolium L. Viburnum dentatum L. Viola sp.

### Common Name:

partridgeberry wartremoving herb blackgum cinnamon fern royal fern Virginia pine small green wood orchid Christmas fern bigtooth aspen white oak southern red oak willow oak northern red oak cat greenbrier New York fern eastern poison ivy Blue Ridge blueberry deerberry mapleleaf viburnum southern arrowwood a violet